



## PERT OPERATIONS





#### COURSE OBJECTIVES

By the end of this course you will be able to:

- Describe the methodologies used to investigate performance issues.
- Use a variety of tools to investigate performance issues.

You will also be able to describe the federated structure of the PERT and will know how to become accredited.



## COURSE OUTLINE

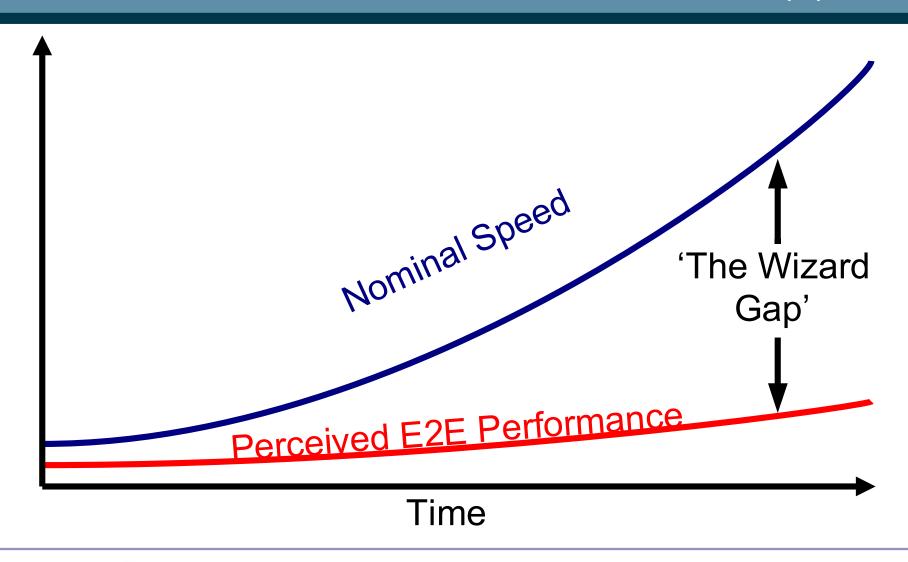
- Module 1 Overview: History and Structure of the PERT.
- Module 2 Network Performance and User Expectations.
- Module 3 Bulk Transfers Under TCP.
- Module 4 Investigative Tools.
- Module 5 The Methodology of Performance Issue Investigation.



# Module 1: Overview: History and Structure of the PERT.



## PERT MOTIVATION AND BACKGROUND (1)





## PERT MOTIVATION AND BACKGROUND (2)

1990s – internet experiences growing pains.

- Congestion masks other performance problems.
- Network capacity limited application speed.

2000s – Research networks' capacity increase dramatically.

- Other bottlenecks discovered:
  - E.g. campus infrastructure, host limitations, round trip times.
- The 'Wizard gap'.



## PERT MOTIVATION AND BACKGROUND (3)

Now: research networking community focused on improving End-to-End performance:

- Measurement activities (such as perfSONAR).
- Transport improvements.
- Internet2's performance workshops.
- The Performance Enhancement and Response Team (PERT).



#### ORIGINS OF THE PERT

Concept invented during brainstorm between Internet2 and European NRENs.

- Support structure for end-to-end performance issues.
- Equivalent to Computer Emergency Response Team (CERT):
  - Both span multiple domains.
  - No one organisation owns either problem.



## WHAT DOES A PERT DO? (1)

Help network users obtain optimal performance by reactively:

- Accepting problem requests.
- Coordinating measurements.
- Establishing contacts with other teams.
- Locating bottlenecks.
- Suggesting improvements.



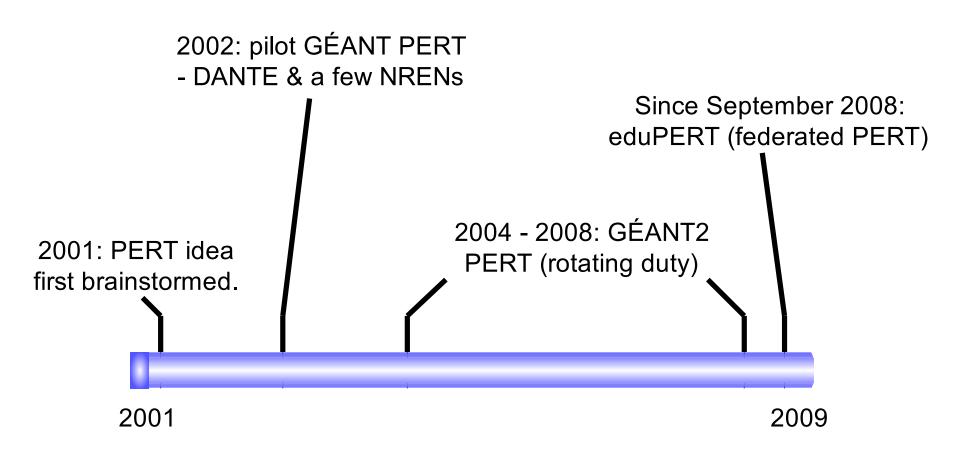
## WHAT DOES A PERT DO? (2)

Help network users obtain optimal performance by proactively:

- Consulting.
- Documenting.
- Measuring.



#### TIMELINE





#### eduPERT

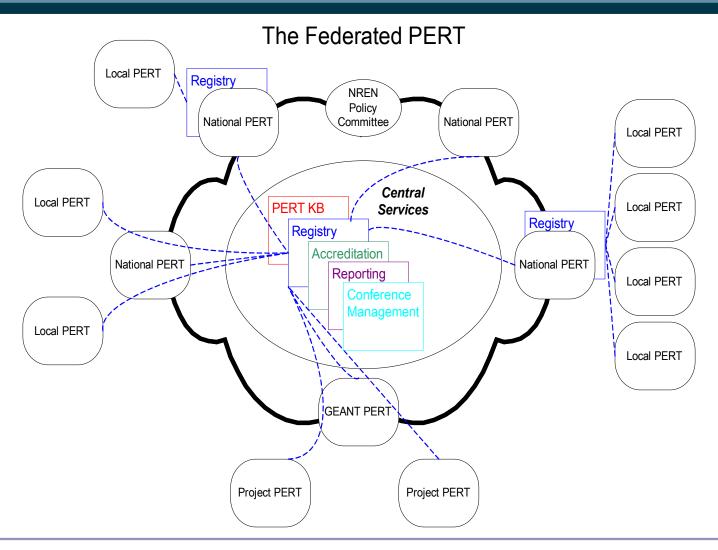
Ensemble of distributed PERTs (NREN, campus, large projects, GÉANT...).

Common coordination functions:

- PERT registration and accreditation.
- Forums for knowledge exchange:
  - PERT Knowledge Base (Wiki) .
  - Workshops and training events.



## PERT INTERCONNECTION





## PERT CENTRAL SERVICES

#### PERT central services consist of:

- PERT registration.
- PERT accreditation.
- PERT Knowledge base.
- Training / workshops.



#### PERT REGISTRATION

No formal entry requirements.

#### Data needed:

- Organisation, PERT name, languages spoken.
- Contacts: manager, public and private entry points.

To register, mail pert-registration@geant2.net or contact your closest upstream PERT.

DANTE maintains PERT register at <a href="http://edupert.geant2.net/">http://edupert.geant2.net/</a>.



#### PERT ACCREDITATION

An accredited PERT commits to a service level.

- Additional information requested:
  - Hours of service.
  - Response times.
  - Service areas (AS, etc.).
  - Technical network information.
  - Measurement tools that will be shared within eduPERT community generally.
- For accreditation, please contact pertaccreditation@geant2.net.



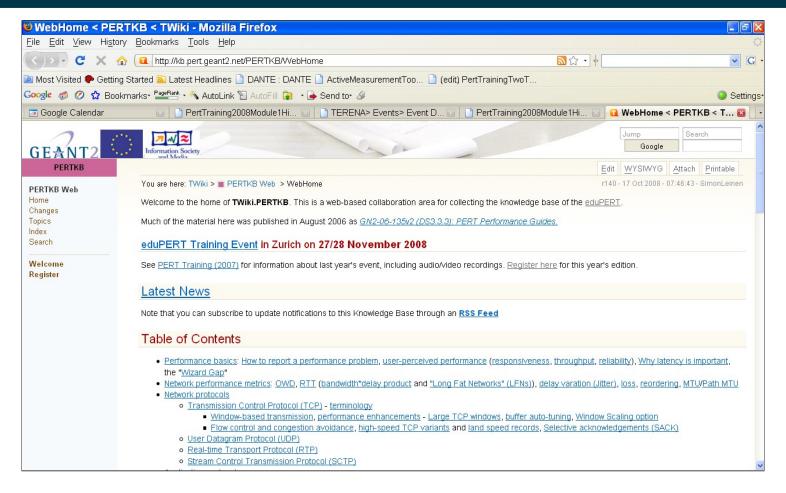
#### PERT REPORTING

#### Reporting is:

- Mandatory for accredited PERTs.
- Encouraged for all PERTs.
- Monthly:
  - Covers no. of new, closed and ongoing cases.
- Summarised by DANTE and included in GN2 Monthly Service Report (MSR).
- Also monthly reporting about usage of PERT Knowledge Base.



## PERT KNOWLEDGE BASE (1)



http://kb.pert.geant2.net/



## PERT KNOWLEDGE BASE (2)

Wiki-powered website.

You must register to edit content.

Wide range of topics:

- General performance concepts.
- Configuration guidance for hosts (various OS) and networks.
- Descriptions of measurement tools with examples.

More participation required from external experts (you).



#### TRAINING AND WORKSHOPS

Training events, such as this one.

Workshops for inter-PERT exchange of experience and best practice:

- Usually run during GN2 technical workshops.
- Are you interested in having these events in other contexts, or on their own?



#### COOPERATION BETWEEN PERTS

PERTs need to communicate about issues:

Offer help to one another when necessary.

Issue ownership can transfer if appropriate.



## PERT ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES (1)

#### At a minimum, the following roles are required:

- Administrator:
  - A named person, responsible for communicating PERT contact details to parent PERT and users.
  - Likely to be a part-time role or on best-effort basis.
- Technician(s):
  - Responsible for receiving, investigating and, if necessary, escalating cases.
  - Part-time or full-time role or on best-effort basis.



## PERT ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES (2)

In addition to an administrator and technicians, NREN and Regional PERTs are strongly recommended to have:

- PERT Manager -
  - Named individual.
  - Has overall responsibility for the PERT.
  - Point of escalation.
  - Part-time role.
  - The manager may also be the technician and / or the administrator.
- Deputy PERT Manager -
  - Responsible for the PERT in the manager's absence.



## SKILLS AND EXPERIENCE REQUIRED (1)

## Technical group:

- Qualification and / or experience in network management.
- Good knowledge of TCP/IP.
- Knowledge of Ethernet and / or other relevant data-link / physical layer protocols.
- Good knowledge of own network's topology, policies and configuration.



## SKILLS AND EXPERIENCE REQUIRED (2)

#### Pert Manager / Deputy Manager:

Managerial / supervisory skills.

#### Administrator:

- Good communication skills.
- Co-located, or in regular contact with, rest of team.

#### All team members:

- Competent written and spoken English.
  - Required for national PERTs; encouraged for other PERTs.

